210 Good Reasons for ROTEM-guided Bleeding Management

1. Basics
   1.10. Ahn Y, Görlinger K. Coagulopathy and hypercoagulability. In: Critical Care Handbook of the Massachusetts General Hospital. A. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, Sixth Ed. 2016 [In press]

2. Validation and Reproducibility (Hyperfibrinolysis, Fibrinogen, ROTEM vs TEG)


3. Turn-around Time


4. Guidelines and Health Technology Assessments


4.13. ASA. Practice guidelines for perioperative blood management: an updated report by the American society of anesthesiologists task force on perioperative blood management*. Anesthesiology. 2015 Feb;122(2):241-75. OA

5. Costs


6. Patient Blood Management


7. Risks of Plasma Transfusion


8. Cardiovascular


9. Liver


10. Trauma


11. Obstetrics/Postpartum Haemorrhage


12. Pediatric Surgery


13. Safety, Thrombosis, Sepsis


13.5. Scavone BM, Tung A. The transfusion dilemma: more, less, or more organized? Anesthesiology. 2014 Sep;121(3):439-41. OA


14. Hematology/Oncology


15. Impedance Aggregometry (Multiplate/ROTEM platelet)


16. NOACs/intravenous DTIs


